HB0256

HB0256S01 compared with HB0256

{Omitted text} shows text that was in HB0256 but was omitted in HB0256S01 inserted text shows text that was not in HB0256 but was inserted into HB0256S01

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

-	Municipal and County Zoning Amendments
	2025 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: R. Neil Walter
	Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE	

- **4 General Description:**
- 5 This bill modifies provisions related to the authority of municipalities and counties
- 6 regarding short-term rentals.
- **7 Highlighted Provisions:**
- 8 This bill:

- defines terms and modifies definitions;
- provides that a municipality or county may provide notice to a short-term rental website indicating that a listing or offering violates business licensing requirements or zoning requirements;
- Provides that a short-term rental website is not obligated to remove a listing or offering unless it has received notice from a municipality or county;
- 19

provides that a municipality or county that imposes transient room tax on short-term rentals may provide a listing or offering on a short-term rental website to the county auditor as evidence that a shortterm rental owner may be subject to the transient room tax; and

- ≥ makes technical and conforming changes.
- 24 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- None None
- None None

32

- 29 AMENDS:
- 30 **10-8-85.4**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 102
- 31 **17-50-338**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 102

33 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

- Section 1. Section **10-8-85.4** is amended to read:
- 35 **10-8-85.4.** Ordinances regarding short-term rentals -- Prohibition on ordinances restricting speech on short-term rental websites -- Evidence of short-term rental -- Removing a listing.
- 38 (1) As used in this section:
- 39 (a) "Internal accessory dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-511.5.
- 41 (b) "Permit number" means a unique identifier issued by a municipality and may include a business license number.
- 43 [(b)] (c) "Residential unit" means a residential structure or any portion of a residential structure that is occupied as a residence.
- 45 [(e)] (d) "Short-term rental" means a residential unit or any portion of a residential unit that the owner of record or the lessee of the residential unit offers for occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days.
- 48 [(d)] (e) "Short-term rental website" means a website or other digital platform that:
- 49 (i) allows a person to offer a short-term rental to one or more prospective renters; and
- 50 (ii) facilitates the renting of, and payment for, a short-term rental.
- 51 (f) "URL" means uniform resource locater.
- 52 (2) Notwithstanding Section 10-9a-501 or Subsection 10-9a-503(1), a legislative body may not:

- 54 (a) enact or enforce an ordinance that prohibits an individual from listing or offering a short-term rental on a short-term rental website; or
- (b) use an ordinance that prohibits the act of renting a short-term rental to fine, charge, prosecute, or otherwise punish an individual solely for the act of listing or offering a short-term rental on a shortterm rental website.
- 59 (3) If a municipality regulates short-term rentals, Subsection (2)(b) does not prevent the municipality from using a listing or offering of a short-term rental on a short-term rental website as evidence that a short-term rental took place so long as the municipality has additional information to support the position that a property owner violated a municipal ordinance.
- 64 (4) A legislative body may only require a short-term rental website to:
- 65 (a) if short-term rentals are permissible in some or all of the municipality, require inclusion of a permit number on a listing or offering of a short-term rental on the short-term rental website; and
- (b) remove a short-term rental listing or offering from the short-term rental website after notice from the municipality, as described in Subsection (5), that the short-term rental is operating in violation of business license requirements or zoning requirements.
- 71 (5)
 - (a) A municipality that provides a notice to a short-term rental website that a short-term rental within the municipality is in violation of the municipality's business licensing requirements or zoning requirements shall identify in the notice:
- (i) the listing or offering to be removed by the listing's offering's URL; and
- 75 (ii) the reason for removal.
- 76 (b) A short-term rental website:
- 77 (i) that receives the notice described in this subsection shall remove the short-term rental listing or offering from the short-term rental website within seven business days from the day on which the short-term rental website receives the notice from the municipality; and
- 81 (ii) is not required to remove a listing or offering from the short-term rental website unless the short-term rental website receives the notice described in this Subsection (5).
- 84 (6) If a legislative body imposes transient room tax on the rental of rooms in hotels, motels, inns, trailer courts, campgrounds, tourist homes, and similar accommodations for stays of less than 30 consecutive days as authorized by Section 59-12-352 or 59-12-353:

- (a) the municipality may provide the listing or offering of a short-term rental on a short-term rental website to the county auditor as evidence that the owner of a short-term rental may be subject to the transient room tax; and
- 90 (b) the county auditor may utilize the listing or offering of a short-term rental on a short-term rental website when making a referral to the State Tax Commission, as described in Section 59-12-302.
- 93 [(3)] (7) Subsection (2) does not apply to an individual who lists or offers an internal accessory dwelling unit as a short-term rental on a short-term rental website if the municipality records a notice for the internal accessory dwelling unit under Subsection 10-9a-530(6).
- 97 Section 2. Section 17-50-338 is amended to read:
- 98 17-50-338. Ordinances regarding short-term rentals -- Prohibition on ordinances restricting speech on short-term rental websites -- Evidence of short-term rental -- Removing a listing.
- 101 (1) As used in this section:
- 102 (a) "Internal accessory dwelling unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-9a-511.5.
- 104 (b) "Permit number" means a unique identifier issued by a county and may include a business license number.
- 106 [(b)] (c) "Residential unit" means a residential structure or any portion of a residential structure that is occupied as a residence.
- [(e)] (d) "Short-term rental" means a residential unit or any portion of a residential unit that the owner of record or the lessee of the residential unit offers for occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days.
- 111 [(d)] (e) "Short-term rental website" means a website or other digital platform that:
- (i) allows a person to offer a short-term rental to one or more prospective renters; and
- (ii) facilitates the renting of, and payment for, a short-term rental.
- 114 (f) "URL" means uniform resource locater.
- 115 (2) Notwithstanding Section 17-27a-501 or Subsection 17-27a-503(1), a legislative body may not:
- 117 (a) enact or enforce an ordinance that prohibits an individual from listing or offering a short-term rental on a short-term rental website; or
- (b) use an ordinance that prohibits the act of renting a short-term rental to fine, charge, prosecute, or otherwise punish an individual solely for the act of listing or offering a short-term rental on a shortterm rental website.

- (3) If a county regulates short-term rentals, Subsection (2)(b) does not prevent the county from using a listing or offering of a short-term rental on a short-term rental website as evidence that a short-term rental took place so long as the county has additional information to support the position that a property owner violated a county ordinance.
- 126 (4) A legislative body may only require a short-term rental website to:
- (a) if short-term rentals are permissible in some or all of the unincorporated county, require inclusion of a permit number on a listing or offering of a short-term rental on the short-term rental website; and
- (b) remove a short-term rental listing or offering from the short-term rental website after notice from the county, as described in Subsection (5), that the short-term rental is operating in violation of business license requirements or zoning requirements.
- 133 (5)
 - (a) A county that provides a notice to a short-term rental website that a short-term rental within the unincorporated county is in violation of the county's business licensing requirements or zoning requirements shall identify in the notice:
- (i) the listing or offering to be removed by the listing's or offering's URL; and
- (ii) the reason for removal.
- 138 (b) A short-term rental website:
- (i) that receives the notice described in this subsection shall remove the short-term rental listing or
 offering from the short-term rental website within seven business days from the day on which the
 short-term rental website receives the notice from the county; and
- (ii) is not required to remove a listing or offering from the short-term rental website unless the short-term rental website receives the notice described in this Subsection (5).
- 146 (6) If a legislative body imposes transient room tax on the rental of rooms in hotels, motels, inns, trailer courts, campgrounds, tourist homes, and similar accommodations for stays of less than 30 consecutive days as authorized by Section 59-12-301:
- (a) the county may utilize a listing or offering of a short-term rental on a short-term rental website as evidence that the owner of a short-term rental may be subject to the transient room tax; and
- (b) the county auditor may utilize the listing or offering of a short-term rental on a short-term rental website when making a referral to the State Tax Commission, as described in Section 59-12-302.

(7) Subsection (2) does not apply to an individual who lists or offers an internal accessory dwelling unit as a short-term rental on a short-term rental website if the county records a notice for the internal accessory dwelling unit under Subsection 17-27a-526(6).

158 Section 1. **Effective date.**

This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.

1-30-25 4:15 PM